HPC4AI E LE ISTANZE K8S MULTI-TENANT COME MODELLO DI PROVISIONING DEL CLOUD GARR

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Head of **Parallel Computing group**, coordinator of HPC4AI, national delegate at EuroHPC JU

Roma, October 10, 2019



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI TORINO



PC4A



8-10 ottobre 2019 Università Roma TRE







-4Δ

Al-in-demand platform

Facts

- INFRA-P call Nov. 2017
- Ranked 1st on ~30 submitted projects
- Kick-off mid apr 2018 •
- 4.5M€ funding
- 2 partners
- 8 associated partners
- Coord. M. Aldinucci
- Many industrial stakeholders

Users	Kind of service	Services	Artifacts
Domain experts with no skills on ML and BDA.	Service-as-a- Service (SaaS)	SaaS for ML and BDA designed within HPC4AI partners	Market place for ML and BD, services: Dashboards, traine models in several domains (N
Training set not required. Off-the-shelf algorithms/networks.			Vision,)
Domain experts skilled on ML and BDA. Not expert in parallel computing.	Platform-as-a- Service (PaaS)	PaaS solutions for ML and BDA directly designed within HPC4AI or companion	Market place of VMs and Platforms realising software stacks for ML and BDA. Solu
New networks or pipelines; training set required.		projects	for data ingestion, data lake,
Researchers, cloud engineering, ML and BDA framework designers, cloud engineers, stack and automation designers.	 1) Infrastructure- as-a-Service (laaS) 2) Metal-as-a- 	1) GARR/other cloud able to support federation	1) Openstack, docker, VM, o storage, file storage, kuberne etc.
	Service (laaS)	2) Job scheduler for HPC resources	2) Alternative cloud, job queu Big Data Stack (Spark,).
Researchers, run-time designers.	Hardware	Bare Metal	Multicore, GPU, storage, net switch, UPS, cooling, etc.







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CLOUD Act

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The Clarifying Lawful Overseas Use of Data Act or CLOUD Act (H.R. 4943 ₪) is a United States federal law enacted in 2018 by the passing of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018, PL 115-141, section 105 executive agreements on access to data by foreign governments. Primarily the CLOUD Act amends the Stored Communications Act (SCA) of 1986 to allow federal law enforcement to compel U.S.-based technology companies via warrant or subpoena to provide requested data stored on servers regardless of whether the data are stored in the U.S. or on foreign soil.

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Background [edit]

The CLOUD Act was introduced following difficulties that the Federal Bureau of Investigations (FBI) had with obtaining remote data through service providers through SCA warrants, as the SCA was written before cloud computing was a viable technology. The situation was highlighted from a 2013 drug trafficking.



Clarifying Lawful Overseas Use of Data Act **CLOUD** Act Acronyms (colloquial) the 115th United States Congress Enacted by Effective March 23, 2018 Citations Pub.L. 115–141 🖓 **Public law** Codification Stored Communications Act, Electronic Acts amended **Communications Privacy Act** 18 Titles amended U.S.C. sections 2523 amended





XXVI - G. Peretti Pezzi, Head of app support group, ETH Zurich, Switzerland

XXVII - F. Tordini, Research scientist Diatech Pharmacogene

XXVIII - C. Misale, Research scientist, IBM research, TJ Watson, NY, USA

XXIX - M. Drocco, Research scientist, IBM research, TJ Watson, NY, USA

XXX - P. Viviani, Research scientist, Noesis Solution, Leuven, Belgium

XXXI - F. Spiga, Research scientist, Arm research, Cambridge, UK

My past PhD Students





FEDERATED ARCHITECTURE BASED ON THE GARR CLOUD (I.E. OPENSTACK VERSION MAINTAINED BY GARR+CANONICAL)





inistration of virtualized clusters and provides an efficient, iSCSI

ICS 2007

- -- - -

A fully functional linux distribution that installs as a cloud

Much simpler to install w.r.t. openstack

Acquired by Eurotech then died



26-29 June 2007, Dresden, Germany



• Lising EVMS and iSCSI, the architecture pro-Mades a flexible, high-level description of the Aunderlying hardware that frees the administrator from the traditional, rigid allocation of resources.

•Performance and scalability are achieved by means of the direct access of cluster blades to the enternal SAN via a switched Infiniband network 10-20Gb/s).

• Storage reliability is implemented within the external SAN, which can exploit a redundant array of disks (disks that can be mounted on the blades are usually guite slow and fragile).

VIRTUAL CLUSTERS (VC)

- Each virtual node (VM) of a VC is a virtual machine that can be configured at creation time. It exploits a cluster-wide shared storage.
- Each VC exploits a private network and can access the cluster external gateway.
- VMs of a VC can be flexibly mapped onto the cluster nodes.
- VCs can be dynamically created, destroyed, suspended on disk.

DISKS ABSTRACTION LAYER A set of private and shared EVMS volumes are mounted via iSCSI in each node of the cluster:

- A private disk (/root) and a OCFS2/ GFS cluster-wide shared SAN are mounted in each node.
- EVMS snapshot technique is used for a time and space efficient creation of the private remote disk.
- A novel plug-in of EVMS has been designed to implement this feature.

VirtuaLinux

Virtual Clustering with no single point of failure

http://sourceforge.net/projects/virtualinux



Pierfrancesco Zuccato Eurotech HPC, Italy o.zuccato@exadron.com



heta-distribution that allows the creation, deployment and administration of virtualized clusters re. VirtuaLinux architecture supports diskless configurations and provides an efficient, iSCSI Clusters running VirtuaLinux exhibit no master node, thus boosting resilience and flexibility.

MASTERLESS CLUSTER CONFIGURATION

- •VirtuaLinux has no master, all nodes have a symmetric configuration.
- Critical OS services are categorized and made redundant by either active or passive replication in such a way they are, at each point in time, cooperatively implemented by the running nodes.
- •Any blade of the cluster can be hot-swapped with no impact on cluster operation.

VIRTUALINUX ARCHITECTURE



CLUSTER VIRTUALIZATION

VirtuaLinux separates three environments, targeted to different classes of administrators:

- •The physical cluster, including the physical devices, which are insulated and made transparent (hardware technician).
- •The privileged cluster, i.e. the environment that provides services and interfaces to the virtual clusters (skilled OS administrator).
- •The virtual clusters that are sets of virtual machines. They can run any OS and configuration in such a way Grid and Beowulf style virtual clusters can coexist simultaneously (standard OS administrator).

LINUX OS SERVICES

All standard Linux services are made fault-tolerant via either active or passive replication:

- Active: Services are started ir all nodes; a suitable configuration enforces load balance on client requests. E.g. NTP, DNS, TFTP, DHCP.
- Passive (primary-backup): Linux HA with heartbeat is used as fault detector. E.g. LDAP, IP gateway.

Kernel Basic Features

- All standard Linux modules.
- Xen hypervisor, supporting Linux paravirtualization, and Microsoft Windows via QEMU binary translation (experimental).
- Network connectivity, including Infiniband userspace verbs and IP over Infiniband.
- iSCSI remote storage access.
- OCFS2 and GFS shared file systems.





Examples of a Specialised Island: GITLAB-based Docker Orchestrator for HPC



Motivations

N Politics World Economy

America Has a Monopoly Problem—and It's Huge

The Nobel Prize winner argues that an economy dominated by large corporations has failed the many and enriched the few.

By Joseph E. Stiglitz

OCTOBER 23, 2017







LA TUA FIRMA SALVA L'ITALIA

> 5 1000 AL FAI CODICE FISCALE 80 10 20 30 154





Motivations: AI/BDA services are typically operated by over-the-top

- Proprietary solutions produce technological lock-in. And continue to exact a rent
 - The long-tail of this rental economy model increases inequalities rather than controlling them [J.E. Stiglitz] •
- Al require GPUs/TPUs. Their cost is very high in commercial public clouds Buying-vs-renting break-even point occurs early •
- Al and BDA need annotated datasets that require human effort for curation and maintenance
 - Local availability of these dataset is an enabling feature for training/analysis •
- Datasets contain sensitive information, they should be stored appropriately
 - Compliant with European regulations (including privacy, e.g. GDPR) if within EU borders [Argonne AoT]





HPC4AI AIMS

- Facilitate scientific research and engineering in the areas of Artificial Intelligence and Big Data Analytics
 - Support large scale experimentation of applications
 - Engage regional industry in joint research projects, also boosting their R&D capabilities
 - Gather and store dataset with specific local/EU value (medical, business, code, ...)
- Focusing on methods for the on-demand provisioning of AI and BDA cloud services



WHAT'S NEXT?





I) ____

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FOLLOW-UP PROJECT (2018_ICT-11-A EU IA, 13M€) DEEPHEALTH: DEEP-LEARNING AND HPC TO BOOST BIOMEDICAL APPLICATIONS FOR HEALTH

- 18 Parterns: Everis, Siveco, Wings, Philiphs, SIVECO, IBM, Thales, CEA, Treelogic, EPFL, UPV, UNITO, UNIMORE,
- Design and develop:
 - European Library for Distributed
 Deep Learning for health
 - Al-on-demand cloud platforms (HPC4AI, ...)



(Tech) World Isn't Flat: bution of most referenced patents

ington nto)

Illinois Michigan (GM, Ford, Chrysler, U. Michigan)

ancisco Valley

> LA, S. Diego (Qualcomm, Defense UCLA, UCSD)

George Mason University

FUTURE HORIZONS

Texas U. Texas)







PIEDMONT AI ECOSYSTEM A high-level regional system, from research to industry

- Top region in Italy for R&D investment (2,03% of GDP above national average,1.6% private).
- Three prestigious universities, three industrial research institutes.
 - International NGO, Government Office, innovation clusters,
 competence center.
- Vibrant deep tech Industry (Large enterprise, SME, startup, incubator) and research center of multinationals across main areas: health, robotics, space, automotive, telco, finance, agrifood.

We propose a single and coordinated Center-of-Excellence (CoE) of tech players ready to cooperate with pan-European AI laboratories







TECH TRANSFER KNOWLEDGE TRACK RECORD 2018



- **DeepHealth** (EU ICT-11-b 15M€)
 - Deep-Learning and HPC to Boost Biomedical Applications for Health
- **Lexis** (EU ICT-11-b 14M€)
 - Large-scale EXecution for Industry & Society
- HPC4AI (EU FESR 2018 4.5M€)
 - High-Performance Computing for Artificial Intelligence (Al-on-Demand platform)
- **CANP**: (EU FESR 2018 -11M€)
 - Al for Elderly Care and Telemedicine

Industry 4.0 competence center (IT MISE 2018 - 20M€)

• POLITO+UNITO+24 industries (FCA, GM, Thales-Alenia Space, Leonardo, STMicroelectronics, Prima Industria, TIM, ...)







DOCUMENTO	PROTOCOLLO DELLO STUDIO	STUDIO
VERSIONE 1.6	" CT-guided biopsy of NSCLC: radiomic analysis of the CT images and correlation with NGS findings"	RADIOMICA_NGS_ NSCLC

nei pazienti reclutati in 5 studi conservati in TCGA.

Study of origin										
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KRAS	27%*			-	1 1 1 1 1					
EGFR	22%*				1			-		
STK11	16%*		1				I I	-		
BRAF	6%*		11			1		II I <mark>m</mark>		
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NRAS	1.9%*	I II.	1.1	1.1.1	I.			I I		
AKT1	1.7%*	1 1 1	1		111					
MAP2K1	1.4%*	1 1111	II I	III	I.	L.		1 1 1	1	
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FBX07	0.6%*									
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FGFR2	1.5%*		1.1	1	I I	l.		l.		
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Study of origin		Lung Adenocarcinoma (Bro	ad, Ce ll 2012)	Lung Adenocarcinoma (MSK	CC 2015) Lung Adenocard	cinoma (TCGA, Provision	al)			
		Lung Adenocarcinoma (TS	P, Nature 2008)	MSK-IMPACT Clinical Sequ	encing Cohort for Non-Small Ce	I Cancer (MSK, Cancer	Discovery 2017)			
	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>				1 1		
Figura	2. P	rofili mutaziona	alı dei 22	2 geni coinvo	olti nel panne	ello clínico	mutaziona	ale da utilizzar	e nello studio in o	oggetto

Disegno sperimentale

Tipo si studio: osservazionale retrospettivo monocentrico

Dipartimenti e S.C.D.U. coinvolti:

- A) S.C.D.U. Radiodiagnostica (Direttore Prof. Veltri), S.C.D.U. Anatomia Patologica Oncologia (Direttore Prof. Volante), S.C.D.U. Oncologia (Direttore Prof. Scagliotti) - Dipartimento di Oncologia - Università degli Studi di Torino
- B) **Dipartimento di Informatica Università degli Studi di Tori o** (Prof. Marco Aldinucci, Dott.ssa Francesca Cordero)

SISTEMA SANITARIO REGIONALE DEL PIEMONTE A.O.U. SAN LUIGI GONZAGA Regione Gonzole, 10 – 10043 Orbassano (TO)



Azienda Ospedaliero-Universitaria San Luigi Gonzaga di Orbassano

COMITATO ETICO INTERAZIENDALE A.O.U. SAN LUIGI GONZAGA DI ORBASSANO AA.SS.LL. TO3 – TO4 – TO5

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Al prof. Andrea VELTRI S.C.D.U. Radiodiagnostica A.O.U. San Luigi Gonzaga – Orbassano

Al **DIRETTORE GENERALE** A.O.U. San Luigi Gonzaga – Orbassano

PRATICA N. 32/2019

SEDUTA DEL 27 FEBBRAIO 2019

Protocollo: CT-guided biopsy of NSCLC: radiomic analysis of the CT images and correlation with NGS findings PROMOTORE:S.C.D.U. Radiodiagnostica - A.O.U. San Luigi Gonzaga SEDE: S.C.D.U. Radiodiagnostica - A.O.U. San Luigi Gonzaga SPERIMENTATORE RESPONSABILE: prof. Andrea VELTRI

Il Comitato Etico Interaziendale San Luigi Gonzaga, è istituto con deliberazione del Commissario dell'A.O.U. San Luigi Gonzaga di Orbassano n. 609 del 20 dicembre 2016, ai sensi del Decreto Legislativo 24/06/2003 n. 211 e D.M. 12/05/2006, del decreto-legge 13 settembre 2012, n. 158, convertito, con modificazione, dalla legge 8.11.2012, n. 189 e del D.M. Salute 8 febbraio 2013, secondo quanto previsto dalla D.G.R. del Piemonte 25-6008 del 25/06/2013, opera secondo i principi bioetici fondamentali contenuti nella Costituzione Italiana, nel Codice di Norimberga (1946), nella Dichiarazione Internazionale dei Diritti dell'Uomo (1948), nella revisione corrente della Dichiarazione di Helsinki, nella Convenzione sui diritti umani e la Biomedicina del Consiglio d'Europa (Oviedo, 1997), nelle Good Clinical Practice – Linee Guida di Buona Pratica Clinica.

Nella seduta del 27 febbraio 2019 il Comitato Etico San Luigi Gonzaga, dopo lunga e approfondita disamina della documentazione presentata per il protocollo in oggetto, ritiene che lo studio possa esser approvato purché vengano apportate le seguenti modifiche/ integrazioni:





LA CASA NEL PARCO (REGIONE PIEMONTE FESR2014-18 11M€) 2018 - COORD. GUIDO BOELLA, INFORMATICA@UNITO















